



Advanced Composites Project Overview

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Advanced Air Vehicles Program



Outline



- Motivation
- Project Goal
- Project Organization
- Project Technical Challenges
- Example Highlights

Motivation



- Growing use of composite materials:



Boeing 787

GE Genx



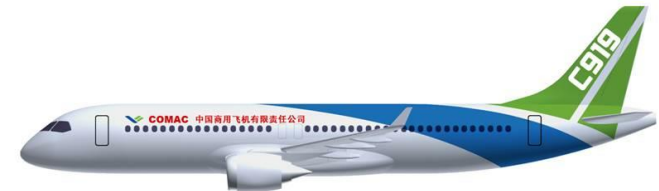
Lockheed Martin F-35



Northrop Grumman
Fire Scout



Airbus
A-350 XWB



Comac C919 (China)



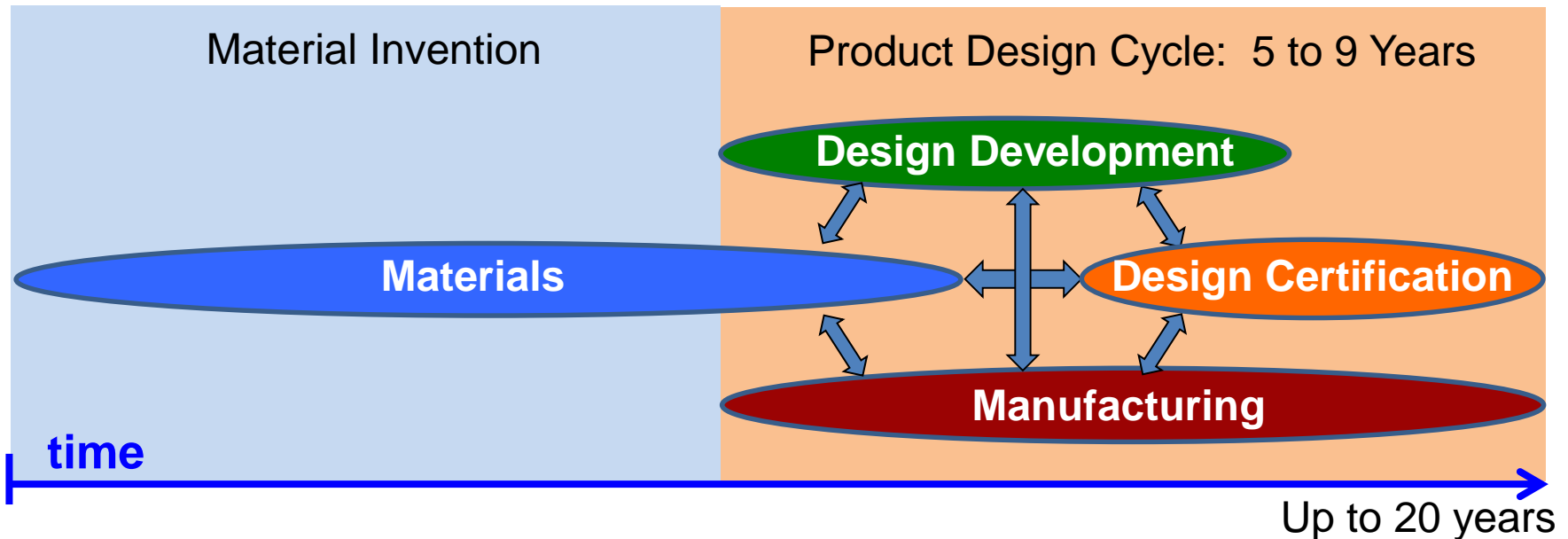
Bombardier
C-Series

Sukhoi Superjet 100
(Russia)



- **Benefits of composites:**
 - Lightweight
 - Durable
 - Low cost
- **Challenges:** Immature capabilities limit use and rate of innovation

Challenges in Composites Development/Certification



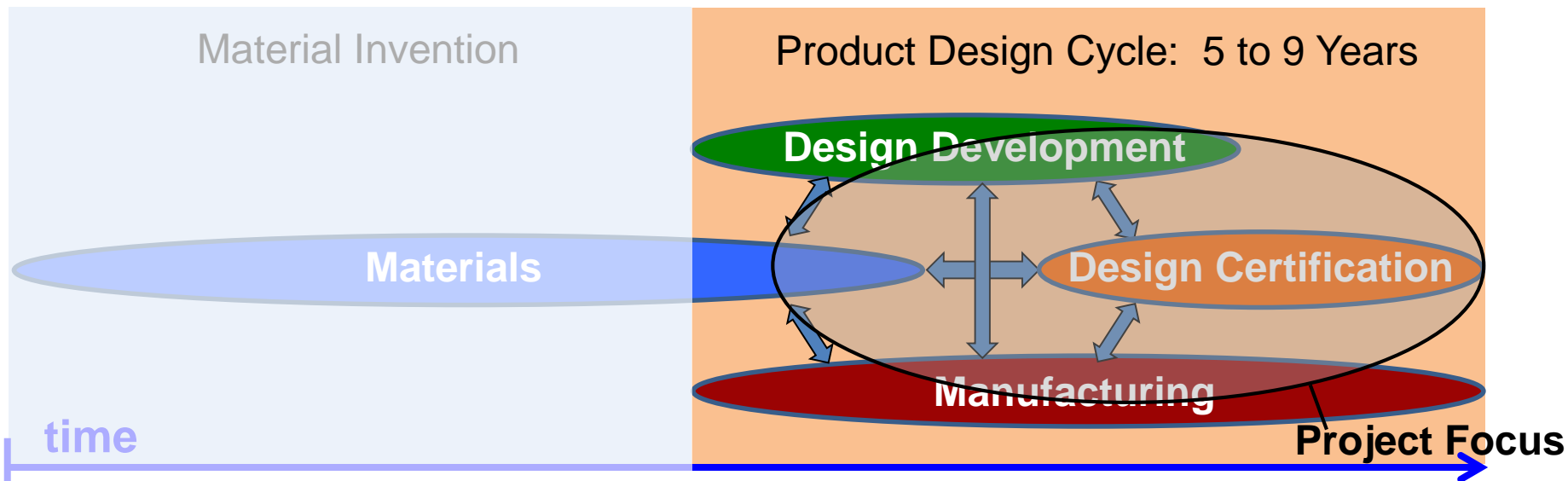
Challenges with Composites

- Complexity: parameters in construction; failure modes; variability
- Strength and life cannot be predicted reliably
- Strong dependency between design and manufacturing
- Empirical and iterative 'trial and error' methods; lots of testing
- NDE is painfully manual (human factors) and time intensive
- Redesigns and reworks: largest single factor in development time
- Simulation tools: Long lag for confidence to use models

Advanced Composites Project (AC)



Charter: Focus on reducing the time to develop and certify composite materials and structures, helping American industry retain their global competitive advantage in aircraft manufacturing



Goal: Reduce product development and certification timeline by 30%

Approach:

- Computational and experimental methods
- Damage and manufacturing process sym.
- Rapid inspection and characterization
- Gov't. – Industry – University team

Resources and Facilities:

- ~40 Civil Servant Workforce
- ~ \$25M annual budget (full cost)
- NASA Centers: LaRC (host), Glenn and Ames (partners)

Team Approach: NASA and Partners

- Fundamental understanding of the science and physics
- High fidelity analysis and experimental methods
- Independent validation of methods
- Coordination of Working Groups

NASA

- Understanding of requirements
- Design and manufacture; production quality test articles
- Applied research expertise
- Validation testing and data sets
- Development of standard practice

Industry

Academia

- Expertise in fundamentals: supporting damage models, process models, data processing

FAA

- Advice with certification aspects
- Safety implications and practicality in application



Advanced Composites Consortium (ACC): public-private partnership for collaborative gov't – industry research

Advanced Composites Consortium (ACC)



- **ACC formation complete, Jan. 2015**

- Founding members:
 - NASA, FAA
 - Boeing, GE Aviation, Lockheed Martin, United Technologies Corp., National Institute of Aerospace (Integrator)
- 50/50 cost sharing
- Collaborative research tasks with multiple partner teams

Executive Steering Committee



Technical Oversight Committee



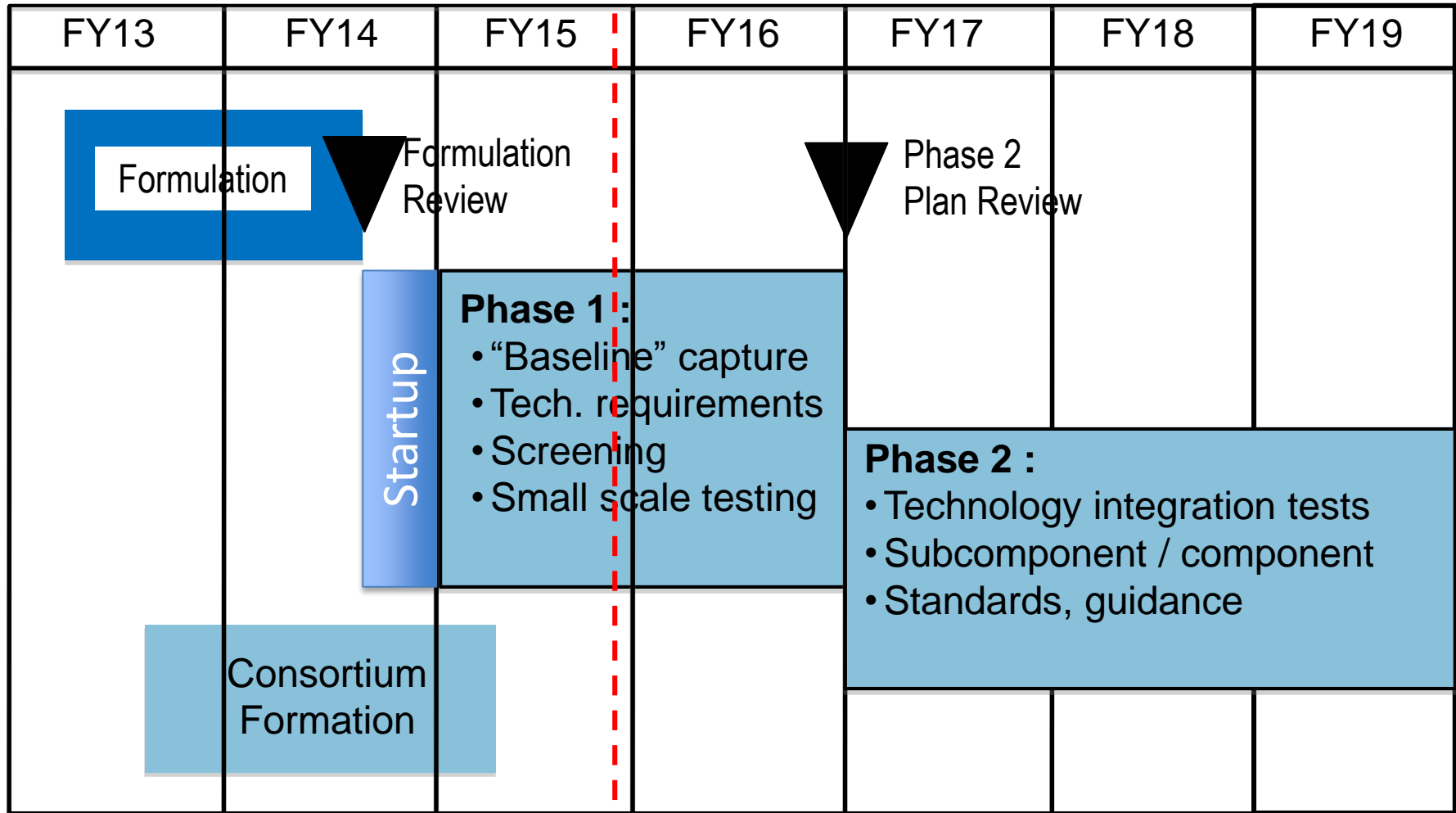
Cooperative Research Teams



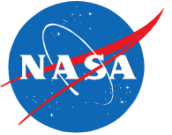
- **Membership:**

- Execute now with current members
- Strategic planning to add participants (sub-contractors, new members)
 - Next 3-6 months to participate in current Phase 1 tasks
 - Again in 2016 for Phase 2

Advanced Composites Project Flow:

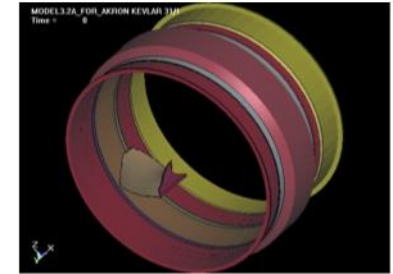
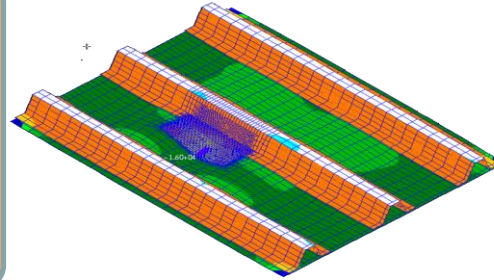


AC Technical Challenges



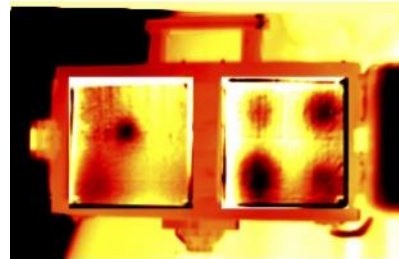
Accurate Strength & Life Prediction

- Reduce design and testing effort / time
- Robust high-fidelity analysis for damage
- Better prelim design, fewer redesigns



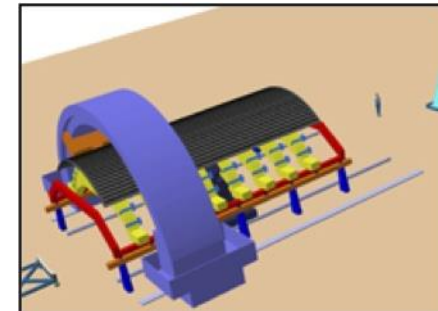
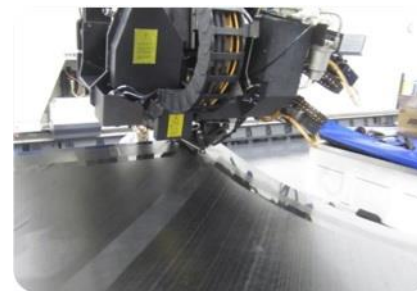
Rapid Inspection & Characterization

- Increase inspection throughput by 30%
- Quantitative characterization of defects
- Automated inspection



Efficient Manufacturing Process Development

- Reduce manufacture development time
- Fiber placement and cure process models to predict defects
- Improve quality control

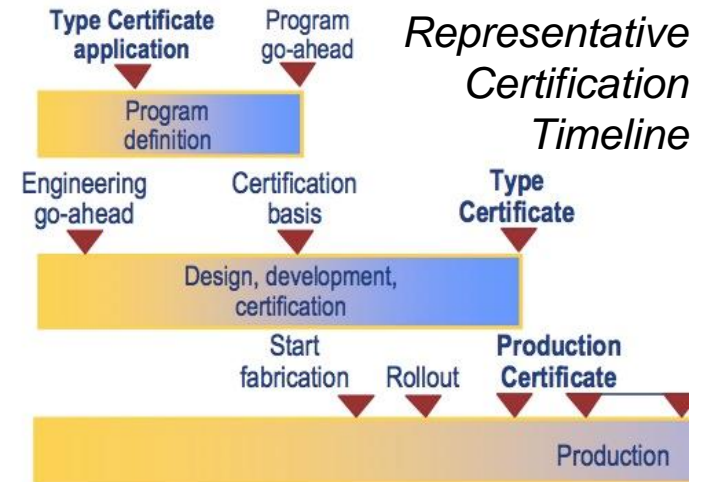


Phase 1 Deliverables



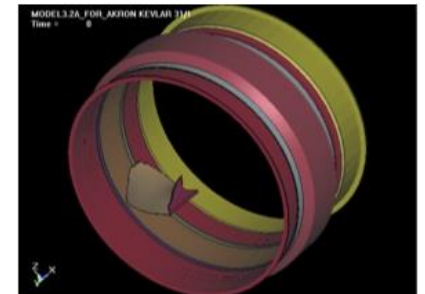
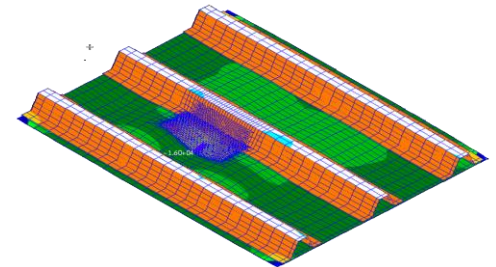
Systems Engineering

1. Development to Certification Timeline (DCT)
2. Performance measures for technologies
3. Measure of Phase 1 progress in time reduction
4. Phase 2 plan: select concepts and technology



TC1: Accurate Strength & Life Prediction

1. Ranking of modeling approaches & identify key gaps based on 1st Level BB Testing
 - a. Post Buckled Panel with BVID, Strength and Life
 - b. Engine Fan Containment
 - c. Open Rotor Shields
 - d. Rotor Blade Spar Fatigue
2. Ranking of proposed design tools to improve integrated design

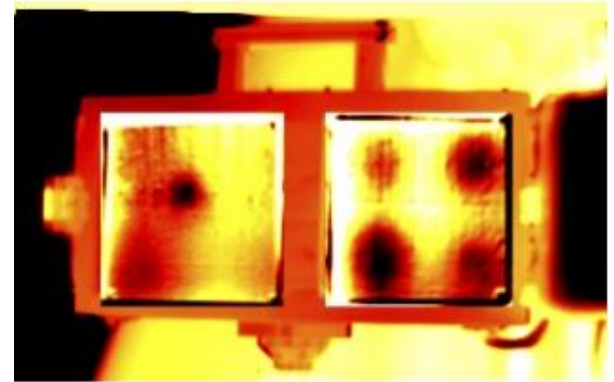


Phase 1 Deliverables (cont.)



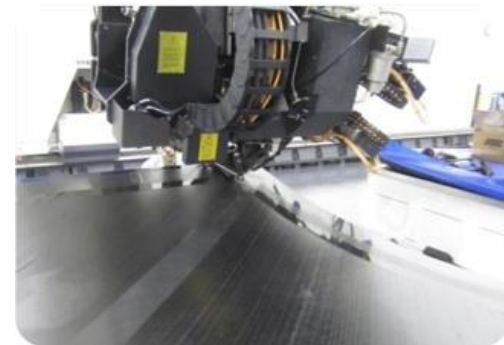
TC2: Rapid Inspection & Characterization

1. Ranking of critical defects
2. Test standards for assessment & validation
3. Ranking of tools & implementation approaches



TC3: Efficient Manufacturing Process Development

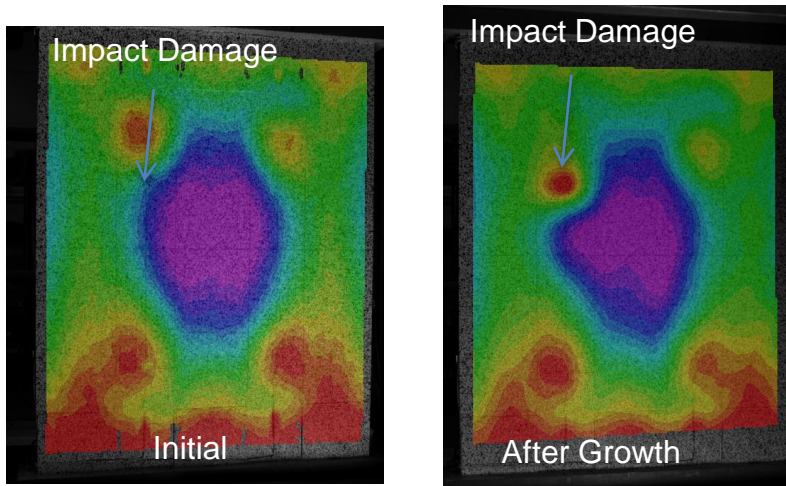
1. Ranking of AFP Defects
2. Beta version of DFM software
3. Defect prediction through Beta validation of process models: AFP, co-cure bonding, cure



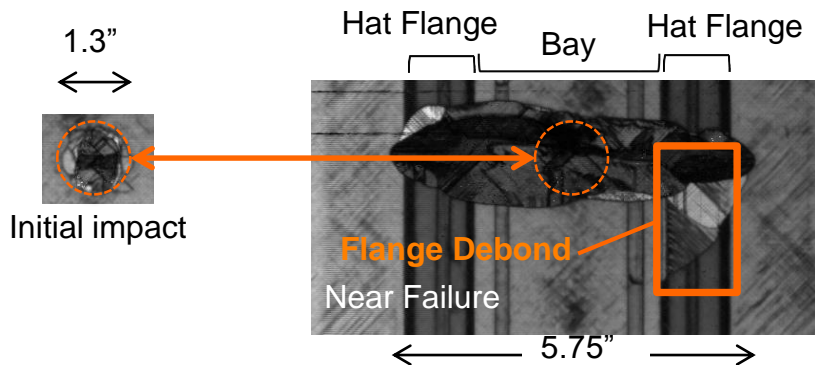
Highlights from Recent Research



3 stringer stiffened panel with BVID



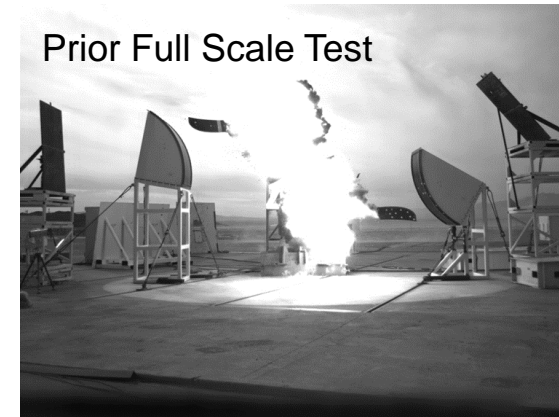
Change in deformation with damage growth



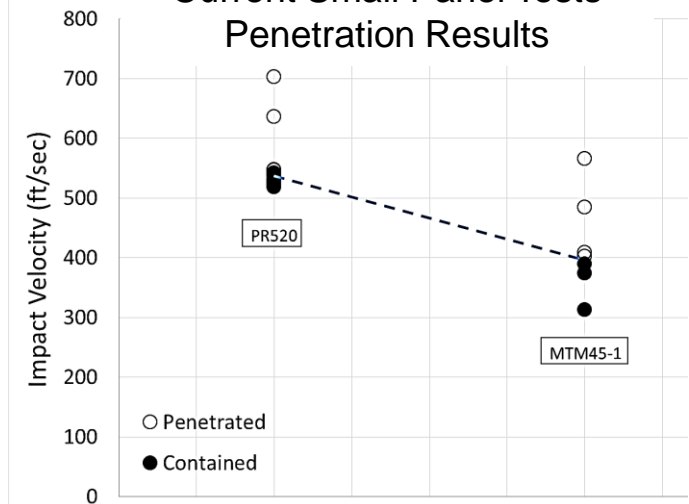
Ultrasonic scan showing damage growth

- Damage data to evaluate failure models
- Insitu NDE: Digital image correlation, acoustic emission, thermography, non-immersion UT

Fuselage Shielding



Current Small Panel Tests Penetration Results



- Data from small panel tests improves model correlation for full scale test
- Aid in design of future test articles

Highlights from Recent Research (cont.)



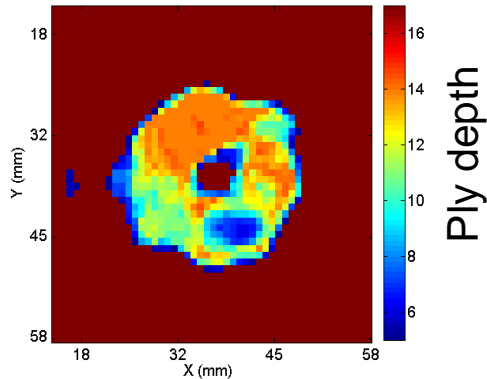
Progressive Damage Analysis Methods: State of the Art Assessment

- SoA reviews conducted by four industry partners
 - United Technologies, Boeing, Lockheed, Northrop
- Methods evaluated for applicability, maturity, validation to three case studies
 - Static: Residual strength of postbuckled stiffened panel with BVID
 - Fatigue: Dynamic rotor components
 - Dynamic: Containment of engine fan blades
- Sources: questionnaires to code developers, literature surveys, and interviews
- Industry evaluations of PDA tools in agreement for some case studies and varied for others
- No tool was perfect. The “right” answer is probably a combination of tools.
- **Next step:** Cooperative Research Teams will select PDA tools for further development & evaluation within their specific case study

Highlights from Recent Research (cont.)

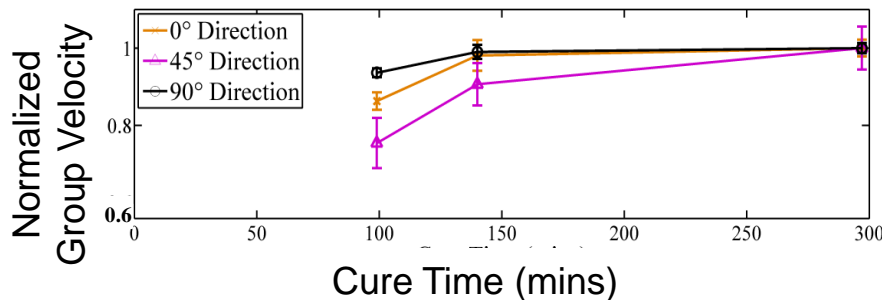


NDE: Delamination size and depth

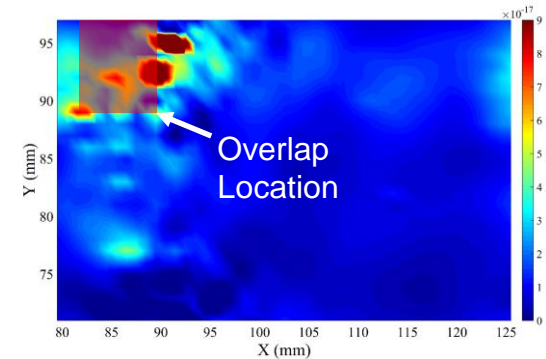


- Developed single sided non-contact method for delamination damage characterization using laser vibrometry ultrasonic wavefield analysis
- Enables rapid contactless inspection of large parts once multi-beam laser vibrometers are available

Manufacturing monitoring

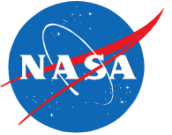


- Developed technique to monitor degree of cure, measuring group velocity of Lamb waves from piezoelectric devices



- Developed technique to detect and size ply overlap defects, using guided wave from air-coupled transducer and zero lag cross-correlation imaging metric

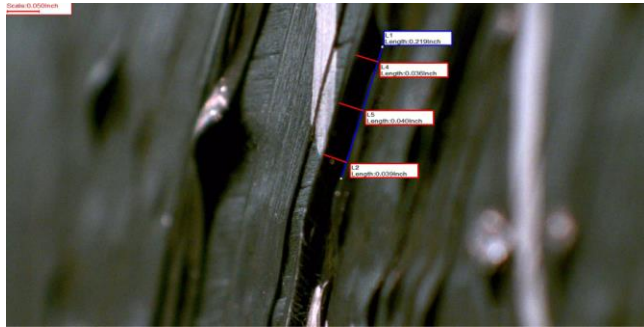
Highlights from Recent Research (cont.)



Manufacturing defect design of experiments



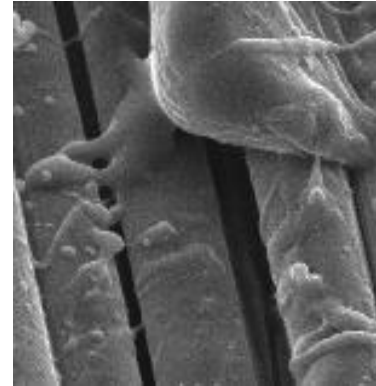
Automated Fiber Placement (AFP)
DOE of complex curvature part at Boeing



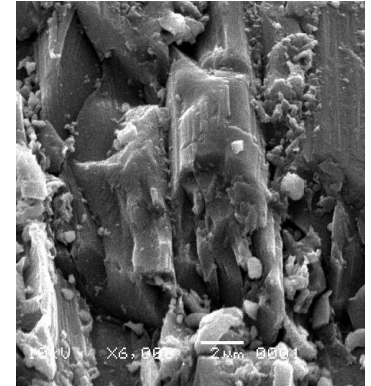
90°-ply puckering defects recorded

- AFP processing DOE at Boeing: temp., speed, compaction, and tape tension
- Results to be used to develop process model

Bond surface prep



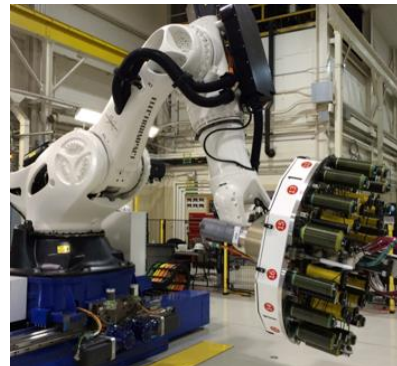
SEM: Laser ablation
surface treatment



SEM: Grit blast
surface treatment

- Demonstrated that laser ablation treatment can remove surface contaminants without significant exposure of or damage to fibers

ISAAC system operational at LaRC



Testbed for:

- In-situ inspection techniques
- Effects of AFP defects
- Creating cure process models
- Developing design for manufacturing software

Interagency Coordination: National Plan



Goal: Technology Gap Assessment to Guide National Research & Development (R&D) Efforts Aimed at Structural Certification and Continued Airworthiness

Steering Committee:

- Air Force
- Army
- Navy
- NASA
- FAA
- DARPA

OEM Certification Representatives

- Bell Helicopter
- Boeing
- Lockheed Martin
- Northrop Grumman
- Sikorsky

Summary



- Advanced Composites Project has goal to reduce time to develop and certify composite structures, to aid U.S. industry
- Teaming approach: NASA, FAA, Industry, and University; collaborative tasks
- Advanced Composites Consortium established as public private partnership
- Phase 1 projects to complete in Sept. 2016
- Phase 2 to complete in 2019:
 - Working tools demonstrated for sub-component or component level structures
 - Tools transitioned to industry, documented in guidance material
- Executing in close coordination with other Gov't. agencies